

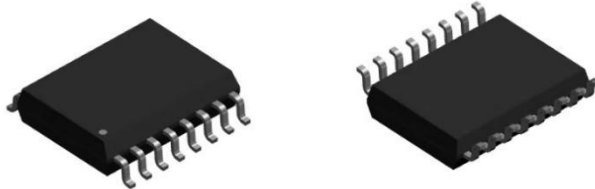


Current Sensor

Product Series: STK-616HM

Part number: STK-616H-10MLB5
STK-616H-15MLB5
STK-616H-20MLB5
STK-616H-30MLB5

Version: Ver1.5



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1. Description

The STK-616H series current sensor is based on TMR (tunnel magnetoresistance) technology and open-loop design. It is suitable for DC, AC pulsed and any kind of irregular current measurement under the isolated conditions.

Typical applications

- AC Variable speed drives
- Electric welder power supply
- Inverter
- Switched model power supplies (SMPS)

General parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Working temperature	T_A	°C	-40 ~ 125
Storage temperature	Htg	°C	-40 ~ 125
Mass	m	g	0.5

Absolute maximum rating

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	V	6
ESD rating (HBM)	U_ESD	kV	4

Remark: the unrecoverable damage may occur when the product works on the conditions over the absolute maximum ratings. Long-time working on the absolute maximum ratings may cause the degradation on performance and reliability.

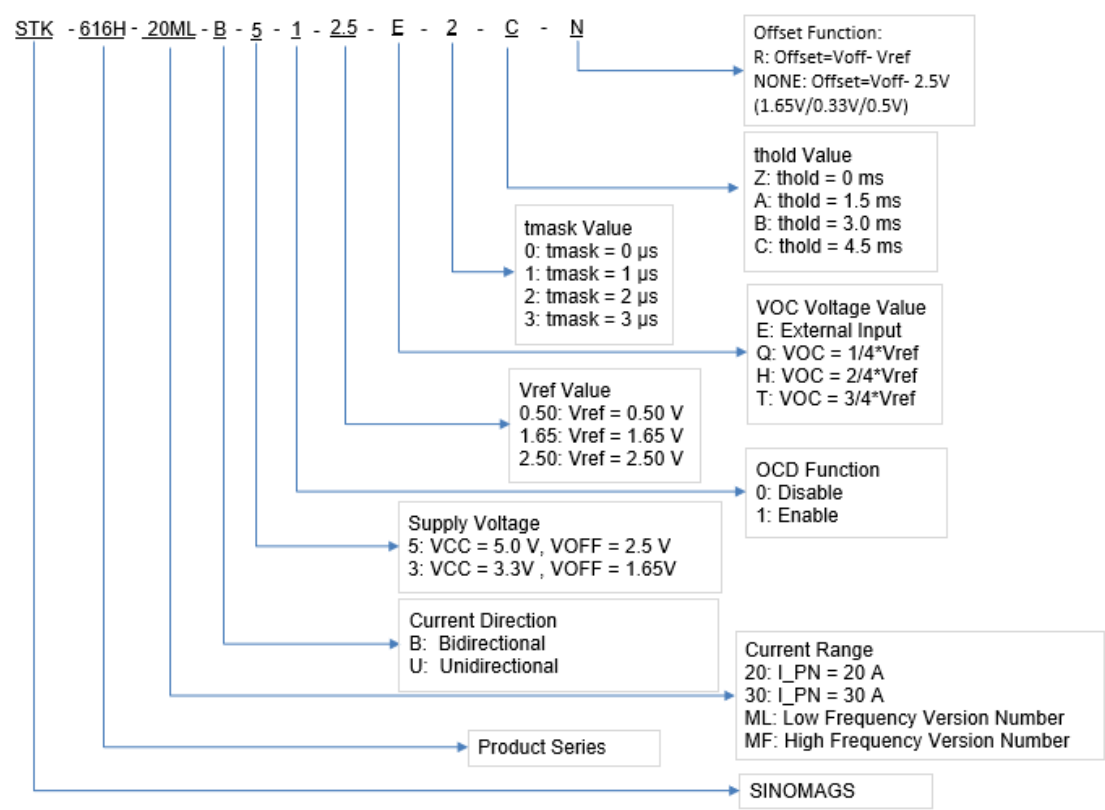
Isolation parameter

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Value	Comment
RMS voltage for AC test 50Hz/1 min	U _d	kV	3.6	
Impulse withstand voltage 1.2/50μs	Ū _w	kV	6	
Clearance distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cl}	mm	8	Determined by customer's layout
Creepage distance (pri. -sec)	d _{Cp}	mm	8	

Measuring current table

Product	Optimized Range I _{pn} (A)	Sensitivity, (mV/A)	T(°C)
STK-616H-10MLB5-1-2.5-E-2-A-N	±10A	80	-40 ~ 125
STK-616H-15MLB5-1-2.5-E-2-A-N	±15A	53.33	-40 ~ 125
STK-616H-20MLB5-1-2.5-E-2-C-N	±20 A	40	-40 ~ 125
STK-616H-30MLB5-1-2.5-E-2-C-N	±30 A	26.67	-40 ~ 125

2. Part number definition



3. Temperature vs Current

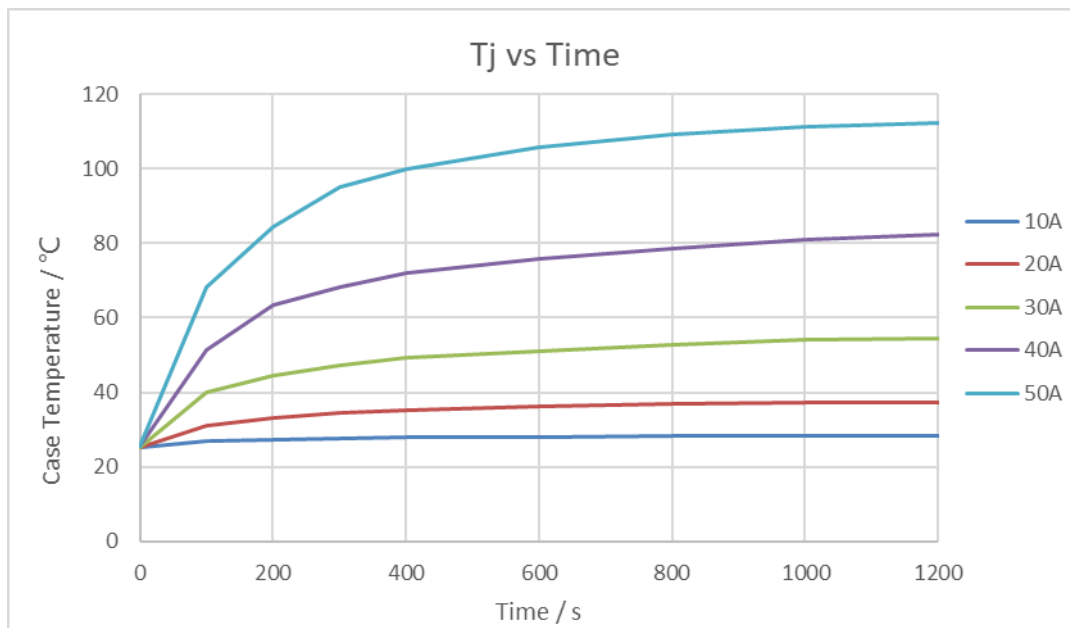


Figure 1. Relationship between STK-616HM Case temperature and amount of input current

Remark 1: Figure 1 shows the results of current & temperature measurement. Tested by using a standard demo test board, with 4 layers of copper conductors, where the thickness for each layer is 2 oz, the total thickness of demo board is 1.6 mm. This result is a reference data. Tc is changed much by the board layout and the heat dissipation. Please confirm it in your evaluation environment.

4. Functional Block Diagram

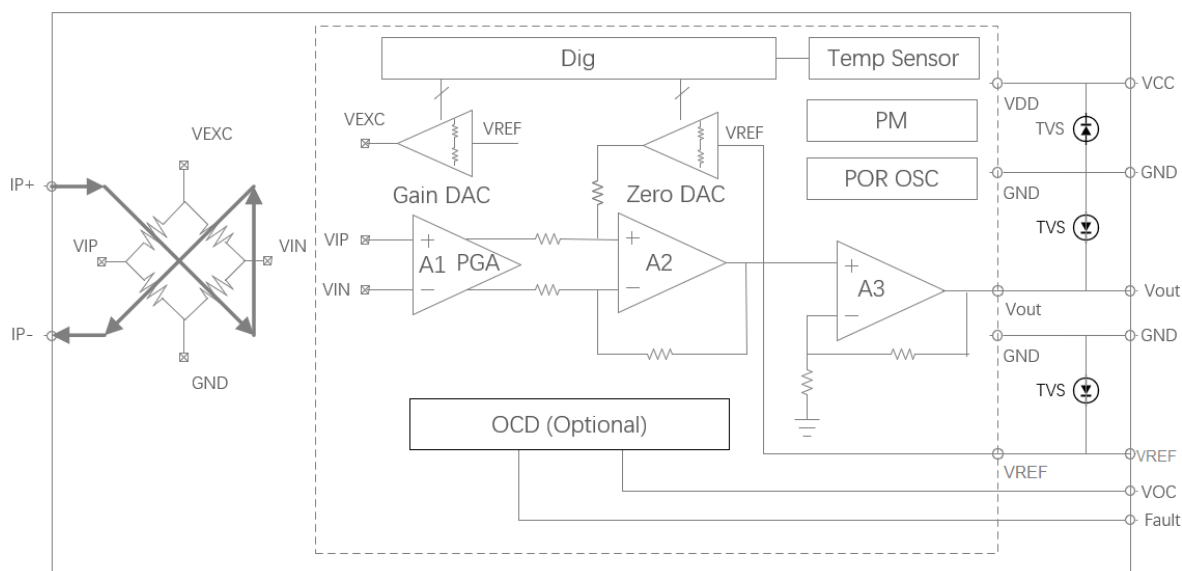


Figure 2 the functional block diagram for the STK-616TM series products.

Remark 2: A1, A2 and A3 represent the operational amplifiers of the current sensor.

5. Electrical data STK-616H-xxMLB5

Condition: $T_A = 25^{\circ}\text{C}$, $V_{CC} = 5\text{V}$

Parameter	Symbol	Unit	Min	Typ	Max	Comment
General parameters						
Primary nominal current	I _{pn}	A	-10		10	STK-616H-10MLB5
			-15		15	STK-616H-15MLB5
			-20		20	STK-616H-20MLB5
			-30		30	STK-616H-30MLB5
Primary current, measuring range	I _{pm}	A	-25		25	STK-616H-10MLB5
			-37.5		37.5	STK-616H-15MLB5
			-50		50	STK-616H-20MLB5
			-75		75	STK-616H-30MLB5
Supply voltage	V _{cc}	V	4.5	5	5.5	
Current consumption	I _{cc}	mA		7	12	
Primary conductor resistance	R _{IP}	mΩ		0.85		
Quiescent voltage@0A	V _{off}	V	2.45	2.5	2.55	
Reference voltage	V _{ref}	V	2.45	2.5	2.55	
Electrical offset voltage	Offset	mV		±10		V _{off} - V _{ref}
Output Specifications	R _{out}	Ω	1		30	
	R _{ref}		1		80	
Theoretical gain	G _{th}	mV/A		80		STK-616H-10MLB5
				53.33		STK-616H-15MLB5
				40		STK-616H-20MLB5
				26.67		STK-616H-30MLB5
OCD function (if applicable)						
OCD range	V _{OC}	V	0.3		3.3	
FAULT error		%		5%		% of OCD
OCD Hysteresis	I _{HYS}	%		10%		% of OCD
OCD Fault Mask	t _{mask}	μs		2		0, 1, 2, 3 μs
OCD Fault Mask error	T _{mask_error}	ns		125		
OCD Fault Hold Time	t _{hold}	ms		4.5		0, 1.5, 3, 4.5 ms
Accuracy performance						
Rated linearity error@25°C	Non-L	%I _{pn}		±1.5		±I _{pn}
Step response time	t _{res}	μs		0.9		@90% of I _{pn}
Frequency bandwidth	BW	kHz		600		@-3dB
Output voltage noise	V _{noise}	mV _{pp}		10		
Accuracy @ 25°C	X	% I _{pn}		±1.5		@ 0.5*I _{pn}
Thermal drift of G _{th}	GAIN_T	% G _{th}		±1.5		@ -40~125°C
Thermal drift of V _{off}	V _{off_T}	mV		±15		drift related to the

Total Accuracy	X_TRange	% I _{pn}	±3.5	value @25°C
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6. Dimension of STK-616HM

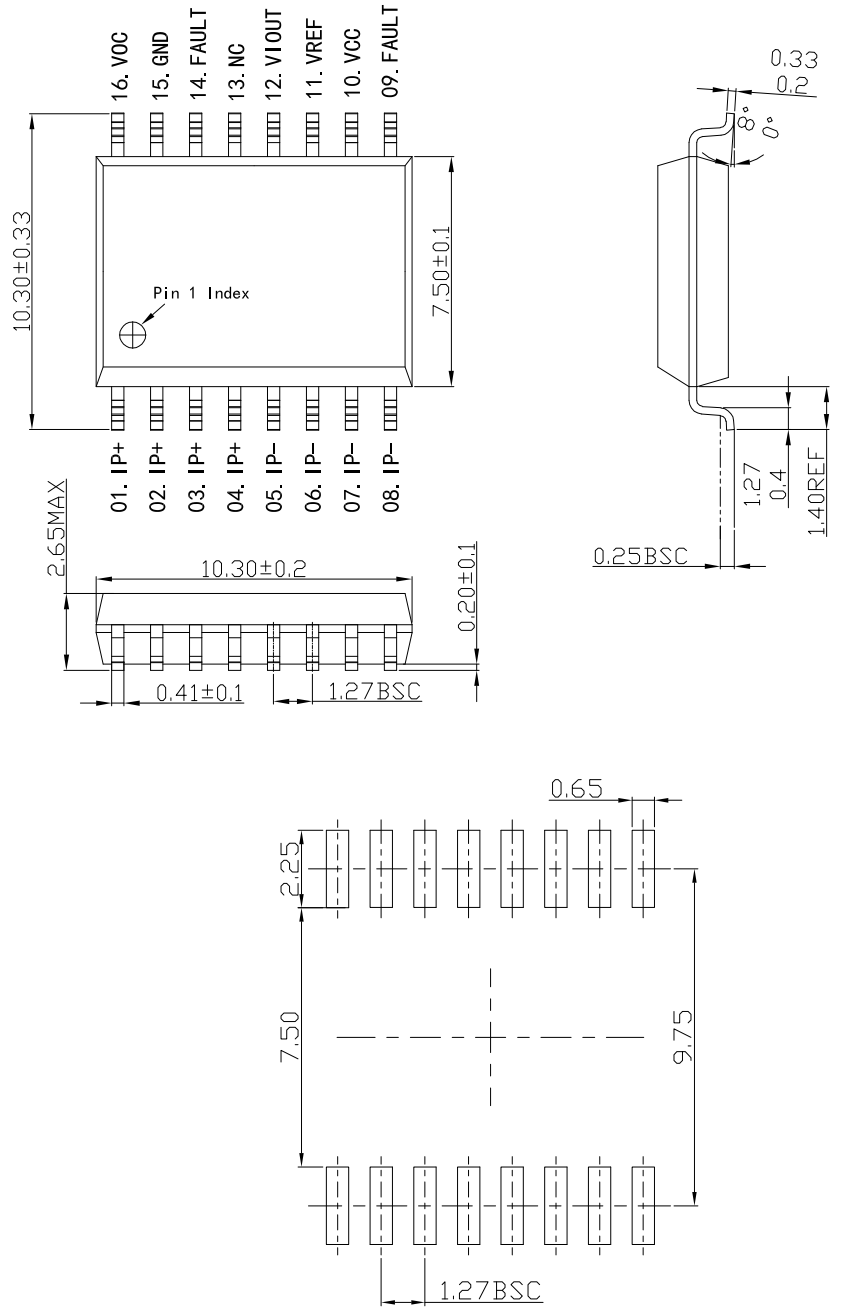


Figure 3 dimensions of STK-616HM series current sensors. The unit is mm.

7. Pin definition for product

PIN	Symbol	Description
1,2,3,4	IP+	Primary conductor pin (+)
5,6,7,8	IP-	Primary conductor pin (-)
9	Fault	Over current detection alarm output, the pin is open leakage output. Normally, the output of fault pin is high level.
10	VCC	Power supply pin
11	Vref	Reference pin, output function
12	VOUT	Sensor output pin
13	NC	NC
14	Fault	Over current detection alarm output, the pin is open leakage output. Normally, the output of fault pin is high level.
15	GND	Ground terminal
16	VOC	Over current detection threshold input pin

8. PCB layout recommendation

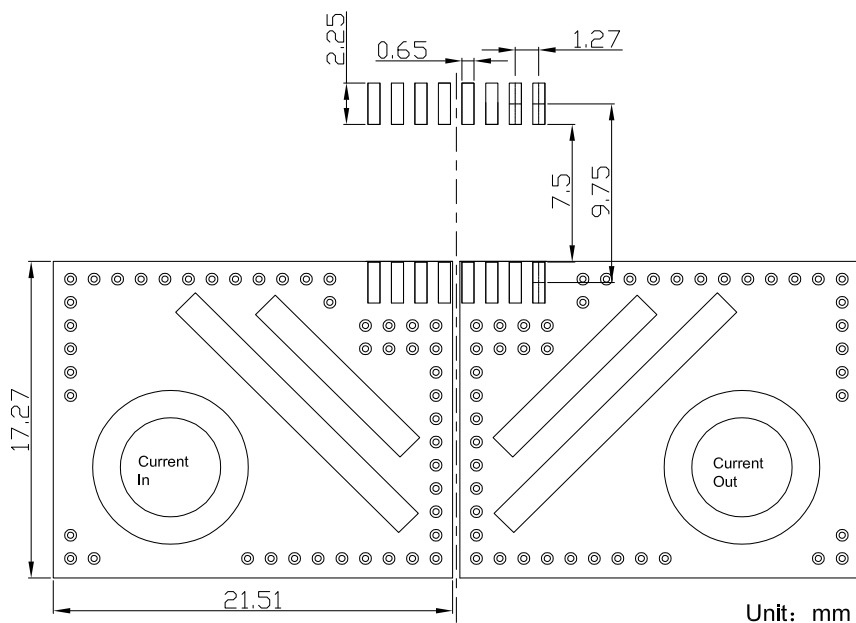


Figure 4 the recommended footprint of the SMT PCB layout for the STK-616HM series products. The unit is mm.

9. Frequency bandwidth

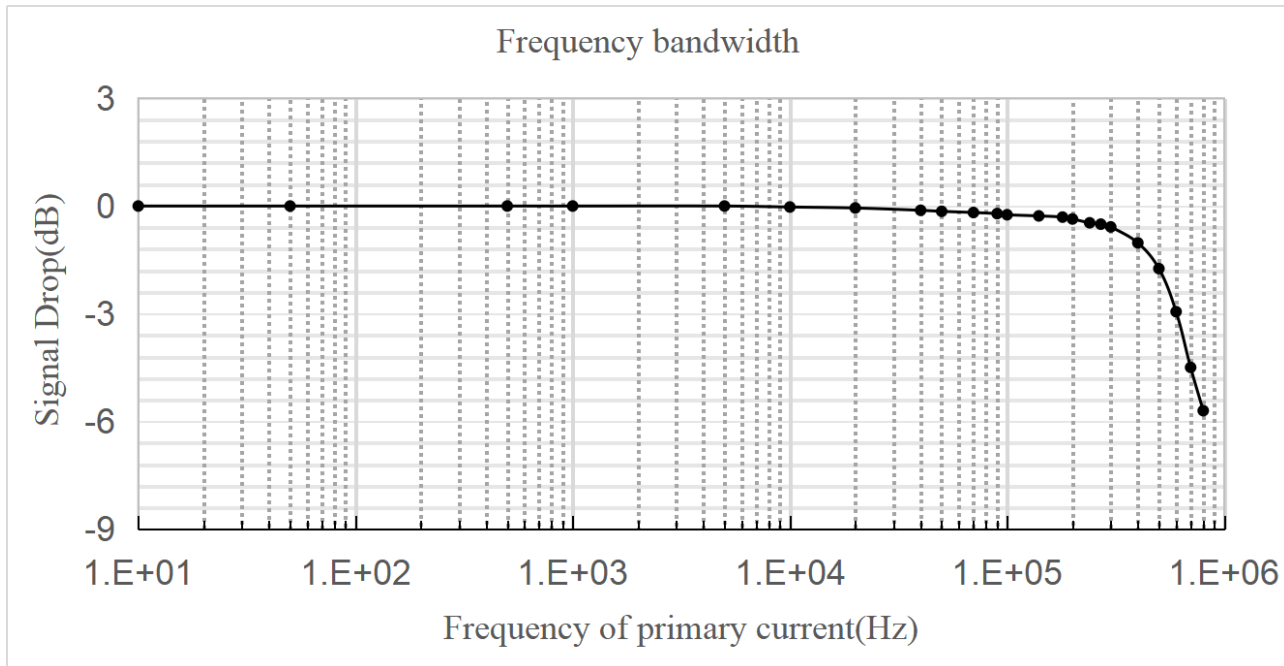


Figure 5 the frequency band width of the STK-616HM series products. the upper limit of the -3 dB band width is 0.6 MHz.

10. Step response time

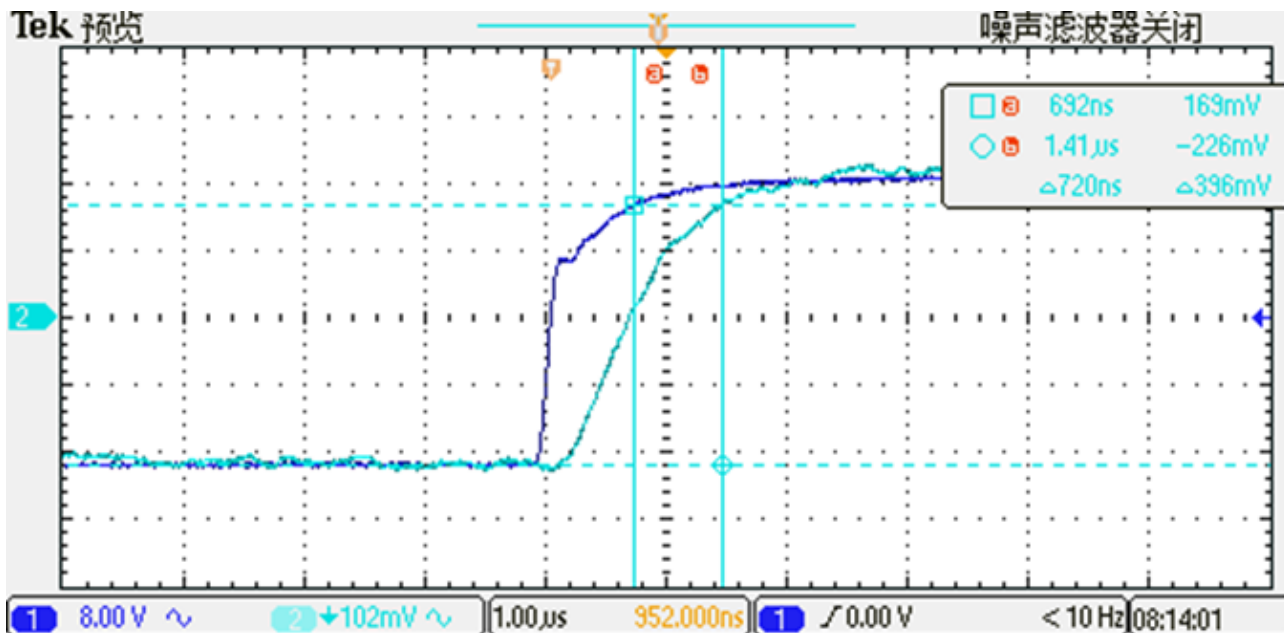


Figure 6 the typical high frequency response of STK-616HM current sensor. The response time from 90% of the primary current to 90% of the secondary output is 0.9µs.

11. Examples of OCD function

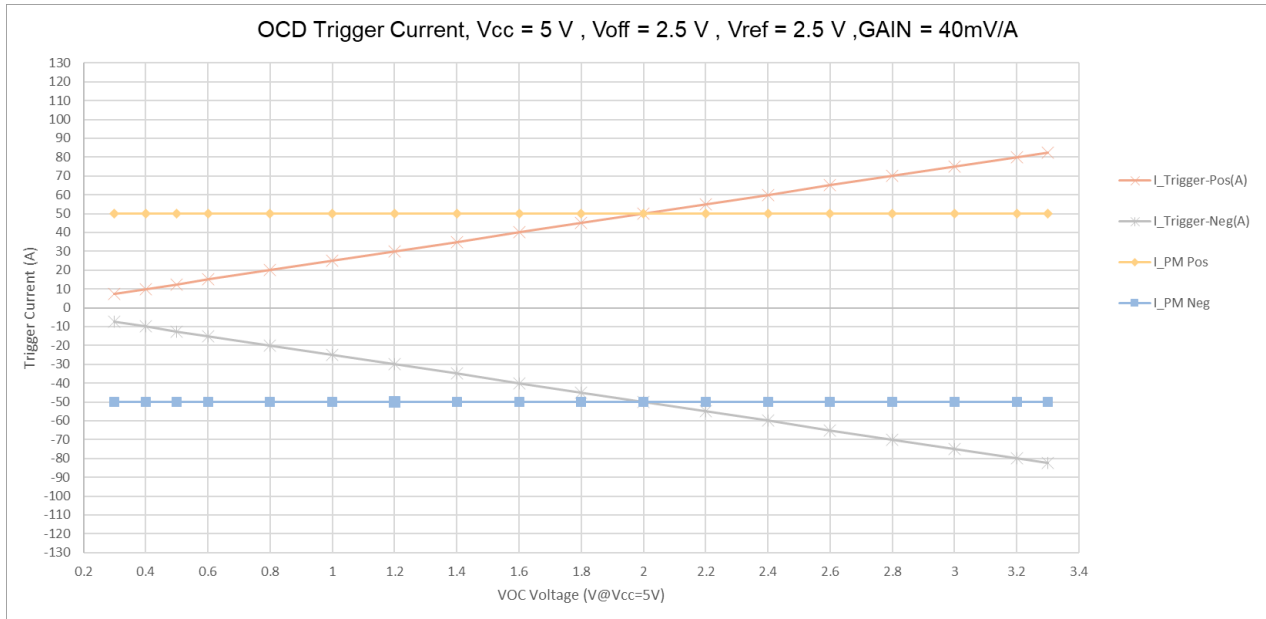


Figure 7 the relationship of trigger current and VOC setting for the STK-616H-20MLB5, with $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$. $I_{trigger_pos}$ represents the forward over-current protection trigger current. $I_{trigger_neg}$ represents the negative over-current protection trigger current. I_{PN_pos} represents the forward primary nominal current. I_{PN_neg} represents the negative primary nominal current. I_{PN} is shown in the electrical data table.

12. General information on OCD

This section describes the general information on OCD function, the specific functions, which are not listed in the section of “electrical data”, can be defined per request.

Since the trigger voltage is set after the second amplifier, the OCD function supports that the trigger current can be higher than I_{pn} . The trigger voltage can be defined:

- a) $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$
 - ①. $0.3\text{ V} \cong VOC \cong V_{cc} - 1.7\text{ V}$;
 - ②. Trigger voltage = $V_{ref} \pm VOC$;
 - ③. Trigger current = $(V_{ref} \pm VOC - V_{off}) / G_{th}$;
- b) $V_{ref} = 1.65\text{ V}$
 - ①. $0.3\text{ V} \cong VOC \cong V_{cc} - 1.7\text{ V}$;
 - ②. Trigger voltage = $V_{ref} \pm VOC$;
 - ③. Trigger current = $(V_{ref} \pm VOC - V_{off}) / G_{th}$
- c) $V_{ref} = 0.5\text{ V}$
 - ①. $0.3\text{ V} \cong VOC \cong 0.5\text{ V}$;
 - ②. Trigger voltage = $V_{ref} + 8 \cdot VOC$;
 - ③. Trigger current = $(V_{ref} + VOC - V_{off}) / G_{th}$

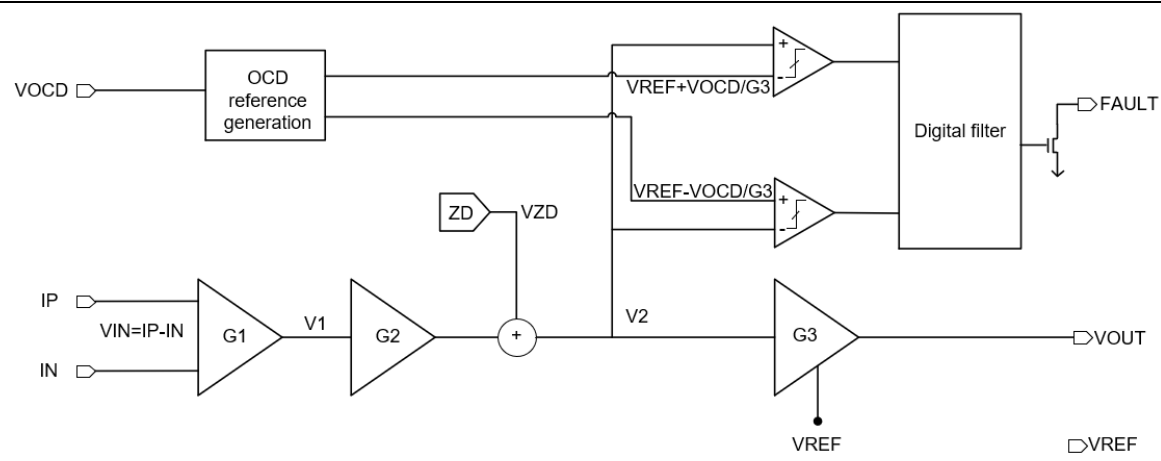


Figure 8 the functional block diagram for STK-616HM on OCD function with conditions of $V_{cc} = 5\text{ V}$, $V_{off} = 2.5\text{ V}$, $V_{ref} = 2.5\text{ V}$.

13. PACKAGE MATERIALS INFORMATION

TAPE AND REEL INFORMATION

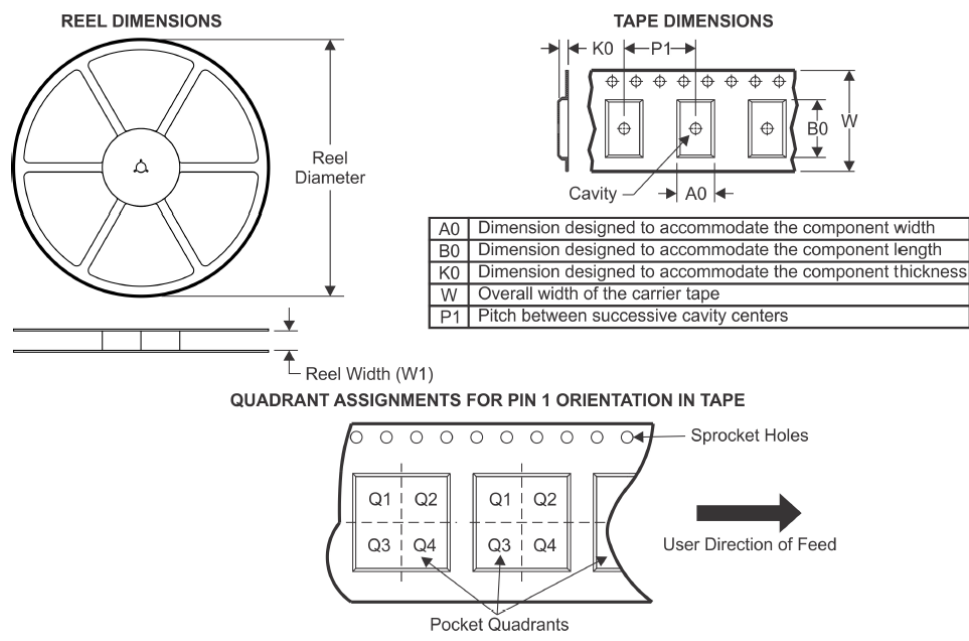


Figure 9 package materials information.